SAFETY DATA SHEET



Flammable Gas Mixture: 1,3-Butadiene / Cis-2-Butene / Ethyl Acetylene / Hexane / Isobutane / Isobutylene / Methyl Acetylene / N-Butane / N-Pentane / Nitrogen / Propane / Propylene / Trans-2-Butene / Vinyl Acetylene

Section 1. Identification

ane / N-Pentane / Nitrogen / Propane

OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	 FLAMMABLE GASES - Category 1 GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 1B CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Fertility) - Category 2 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	 Extremely flammable gas. May form explosive mixtures with air. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation. May cause genetic defects. May cause cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

May cause drowsiness and dizziness. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Date of issue/Date of revision : 2/18/2	15. Date of previous issue	: No previous validation. Version : C	0.01 1/15
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Section 2. Hazards identification

General	: Read and follow all Safety Data Sheets (SDS'S) before use. Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. Close valve after each use and when empty. Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Do not open valve until connected to equipment prepared for use. Use a back flow preventative device in the piping. Use only equipment of compatible materials of construction. Approach suspected leak area with caution.
Prevention	: Never Put cylinders into unventilated areas of passenger vehicles. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Use personal protective equipment as required. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and hot surfaces No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe gas. Use and store only outdoors or in a well ventilated place.
Response	: Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.
Storage	 Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52°C/125°F. Store in a well-ventilated place.
Disposal	 Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
lazards not otherwise lassified	: In addition to any other important health or physical hazards, this product may displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of	: Not available.
identification	

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number	: Not applicable.
Product code	: 012771

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
cis-2-butene	5.7 - 99	590-18-1
Butane	0.0001 - 99	106-97-8
Nitrogen	1 - 94	7727-37-9
Propane	0.0001 - 94	74-98-6
propene	0.0001 - 50	115-07-1
isobutylene	0.0001 - 20	115-11-7
1,3-butadiene	1 - 10	106-99-0
trans-2-butene	0.0001 - 10	624-64-6
ethyl acetylene	0.0001 - 5	107-00-6
butenyne	1 - 5	689-97-4
isobutane	1 - 5	75-28-5
pentane	1 - 5	109-66-0
n-hexane	1 - 5	110-54-3
methyl acetylene	0.0001 - 1	74-99-7

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

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Description of necessary firs	<u>t ald measures</u>
Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. To avoid the risk of static discharges and gas ignition, soak contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section.
Most important symptoms/ef	
Potential acute health effect	<u>S</u>
Eye contact	: Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.
Inhalation	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.
Skin contact	: Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.
Frostbite	: Try to warm up the frozen tissues and seek medical attention.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section.
Over-exposure signs/sympt	<u>oms</u>
Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 2/18/2015.	Date of previous issue	: No previous validation.	Version	: 0.01	3/15
Date of issue/Date of revision	. 2/10/2013.	Date of previous issue	. No previous validation.	Version	. 0.01	3/13

Section 4. First aid measures

Notes to physician Specific treatments	 In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. No specific treatment. 	
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.	

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Contains gas under pressure. Extremely flammable gas. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Contact supplier immediately for specialist advice. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. If involved in fire, shut off flow immediately if it can be done without risk. If this is impossible, withdraw from area and allow fire to burn. Fight fire from protected location or maximum possible distance. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protectiv	e equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency : personnel	Accidental releases pose a serious fire or explosion hazard. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing gas. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders :	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non- emergency personnel".

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Environmental precautions : Ensure emergency procedures to deal with accidental gas releases are in place to avoid contamination of the environment. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill	: Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.
Large spill	: Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Contains gas under pressure. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe gas. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not puncture or incinerate container. Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Close valve after each use and when empty. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide, or drop. Use a suitable hand truck for cylinder movement.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Cylinders should be stored upright, with valve protection cap in place, and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over. Cylinder temperatures should not exceed 52 °C (125 °F).

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational	exposure	limits
Occupational	exposure	IIIIII

ngredient name Exposure limits				
1,3-butadiene			ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012). TWA: 4.4 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 2 ppm 8 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010). STEL: 5 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 1 ppm 8 hours. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). STEL: 5 ppm 15 minutes.	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 2/18/2015.	Date of previous issue	: No previous validation. Version : 0.01 5/1	

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

TWA: 1 ppm 8 hours.
ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012).
TWA: 600 ppm 8 hours.
NIOSH REL (United States, 1/2013).
CEIL: 1800 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
CEIL: 610 ppm 15 minutes.
TWA: 350 mg/m ³ 10 hours.
TWA: 120 ppm 10 hours.
OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010).
TWA: 2950 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.
OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).
STEL: 2250 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
STEL: 750 ppm 15 minutes.
TWA: 1800 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
TWA: 600 ppm 8 hours.
ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012).
Absorbed through skin.
TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
NIOSH REL (United States, 1/2013).
TWA: 180 mg/m ³ 10 hours.
TWA: 50 ppm 10 hours.
OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010).
TWA: 1800 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours.
OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).
TWA: 180 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measure	<u>2</u>
Hygiene measures	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.
Skin protection	

Date of issue/Date of revision : 2/18/2015	Date of previous issue	: No previous validation.	Version : 0.01	6/15
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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Gas.
Color	: Not available.
Melting/freezing point	: -102.7°C (-152.9°F) This is based on data for the following ingredient: Methyl Acetylene. Weighted average: -165.39°C (-265.7°F)
Critical temperature	: Lowest known value: -146.95°C (-232.5°F) (nitrogen).
Odor	: Not available.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not available.
Flash point	: Not available.
Burning time	: Not applicable.
Burning rate	: Not applicable.
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Not available.
Vapor pressure	: Not available.
Vapor density	: Highest known value: 2.1 (Air = 1) (Butane). Weighted average: 1.66 (Air = 1)
Gas Density (lb/ft ³)	: Weighted average: 0.12
Relative density	: Not applicable.
Solubility	: Not available.
Solubility in water	: Not available.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
SADT	: Not available.

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 2/18/2015.

Date of previous issue

Version :0.01 : No previous validation.

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Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Viscosity

: Not applicable.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

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Reactivity	specific test data related to reactivity available for this product	t or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	e product is stable.	
Possibility of hazardous reactions	der normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions	s will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	bid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pre ize, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources	
Incompatibility with various substances	remely reactive or incompatible with the following materials: o nbustible materials and metals. hly reactive or incompatible with the following materials: acids	
Hazardous decomposition products	der normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposed be produced.	osition products should

Hazardous polymerization : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
1,3-butadiene pentane n-hexane	LC50 Inhalation Gas. LC50 Inhalation Vapor LC50 Inhalation Gas. LC50 Inhalation Vapor LD50 Oral	Rat Rat Rat Rat Rat	128000 ppm 364 g/m ³ 48000 ppm 96000 ppm 15840 mg/kg	4 hours 4 hours 4 hours 1 hours -

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
n-hexane	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	10 milligrams	-

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
1,3-butadiene	-	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 2/18/2015.	Date of previous issue	: No previous validation.	Version	:0.01	8/15
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Section 11. Toxicological information

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
pentane n-hexane	0,		Narcotic effects Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
n-hexane	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined

Aspiration hazard

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Name	Result
pentane	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure	: Not available.
Potential acute health effect	<u>ets</u>
Eye contact	: Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.
Inhalation	 Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.
Skin contact	: Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section.
Symptoms related to the pl	hysical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
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Section 11. Toxicological information

Delayed and immediate offer	ts and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
	and also chronic enects from short and folig term exposure
<u>Short term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
<u>Long term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	ects
Not available.	
General	: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: May cause genetic defects.
Teratogenicity	: Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: Suspected of damaging fertility.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
n-hexane	Acute LC50 113000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oreochromis mossambicus	96 hours

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
1,3-butadiene	1.99	10	low
pentane	3.45	171	low
n-hexane	4	501.187	high

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Empty Airgas-owned pressure vessels should be returned to Airgas. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT	TDG	Mexico	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1954	UN1954	UN1954	UN1954	UN1954
UN proper shipping name	COMPRESSED GAS, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. (Butane, Cis-2-Butene)	COMPRESSED GAS, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. (Butane, Cis-2-Butene)	COMPRESSED GAS, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. (Butane, Cis-2-Butene)	COMPRESSED GAS, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. (Butane, Cis-2-Butene)	COMPRESSED GAS, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. (Butane, Cis-2-Butene
Transport hazard class(es)	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1
Packing group	-	-	-	-	-
Environment	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	Reportable quantity 100 lbs / 45.4 kg Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.	Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index 0.125 ERAP Index 3000 Passenger Carrying Ship Index Forbidden Passenger Carrying Road or Rail Index Forbidden	-	-	-

"Refer to CFR 49 (or authority having jurisdiction) to determine the information required for shipment of the product."

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

	Date of issue/Date of revision	: 2/18/2015.	Date of previous issue	: No previous validation.	Version	:0.01	11/15
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Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations	: TSCA 8(a) PAIR: pentane
	TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined
	TSCA 12(b) one-time export: pentane
	United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.
	Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 regulated flammable substances: isobutylene; Butane; propylene; propane; Cis-2-Butene; 1,3-butadiene; Trans-2-Butene; but-1-yne; butenyne; Isobutane; pentane; Methyl Acetylene
Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	: Listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	: Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	: Not listed
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	: Not listed
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)	: Not listed
<u>SARA 302/304</u>	
Composition/information	on ingredients
No products were found.	
SARA 304 RQ	: Not applicable.
<u>SARA 311/312</u>	
Classification	: Fire hazard Sudden release of pressure Immediate (acute) health hazard Delayed (chronic) health hazard

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Fire hazard	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
1,3-butadiene	1 - 10	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	No.	Yes.
pentane	1 - 5	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
n-hexane	1 - 5	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes.

<u>SARA 313</u>

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements	propylene	115-07-1	0.0001 - 50
	1,3-butadiene	106-99-0	1 - 10
	n-hexane	110-54-3	1 - 5
Supplier notification	propylene	115-07-1	0.0001 - 50
	1,3-butadiene	106-99-0	1 - 10
	n-hexane	110-54-3	1 - 5

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 2/18/2015.	Date of previous issue	: No pre
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Section 15. Regulatory information

Massachusetts	: The following components are listed: 2-METHYLPROPENE; BUTANE; PROPYLENE (PROPENE); PROPANE; NITROGEN; 2-BUTENE-CIS; 1,3-BUTADIENE; 2-BUTENE- TRANS; VINYL ACETYLENE; ISOBUTANE; HEXANE; PENTANE; PROPYNE
New York	: The following components are listed: Hexane
New Jersey	 The following components are listed: ISOBUTYLENE; 1-PROPENE, 2-METHYL-; BUTANE; PROPYLENE; 1-PROPENE; PROPANE; NITROGEN; 2-BUTENE-cis; 2-BUTENE, (2Z)-; 1,3-BUTADIENE; BIETHYLENE; 2-BUTENE-trans; 2-BUTENE, (2E)-; ETHYL ACETYLENE; 1-BUTYNE; VINYL ACETYLENE; 1-BUTEN-3-YNE; Isobutane; PROPANE, 2-METHYL-; n-HEXANE; HEXANE; PENTANE; METHYL ACETYLENE; 1-PROPYNE
Pennsylvania	 The following components are listed: 1-PROPENE, 2-METHYL-; BUTANE; 1-PROPENE; PROPANE; NITROGEN; 2-BUTENE, (Z)-; 1,3-BUTADIENE; 2-BUTENE, (E)-; 1-BUTEN-3-YNE; PROPANE, 2-METHYL-; HEXANE; PENTANE; 1-PROPYNE

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Ingredient name		Cancer	Reproductive	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
1,3-butadiene		Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	No.
Canada inventory	: All comp	onents are lis	sted or exempted.		
nternational regulations					
International lists	China ir Japan iı Korea ir Malaysi New Zea Philippi	nventory (IEC nventory: No nventory: No a Inventory (aland Inventor nes inventor	EHS Register): Not ory of Chemicals (N	d. determined. NZIOC) : All components ponents are listed or exe	are listed or exempted empted.
Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule I Chemicals	: Not liste	d			
Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule II Chemicals	: Not liste	d			
Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule III Chemicals	: Not liste	d			
Canada					
WHMIS (Canada)	Class B- Class D- Class D- CEPA To Canadia Canadia isomers) Butane (a Alberta I	2B: Material c oxic substan n ARET : Non n NPRI : The f ; Propylene; F all isomers); n Designated S	gas. causing other toxic e causing other toxic e ces: The following c e of the components following componen Propane; Butene (all n-Hexane; Pentane (Substances: None c	ffects (Toxic). omponents are listed: 1 s are listed. ts are listed: Butene (all isomers); 1,3-Butadien	isomers); Butane (all e; Butene (all isomers); sted.
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 2/18/20	15. Date of pr	revious issue :	No previous validation.	Version : 0.01 13/1

Section 15. Regulatory information

Quebec Designated Substances: None of the components are listed.

Section 16. Other information

Class B-1: Flammable gas.

Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (Very toxic).

Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health	*	2	
Flammability			
Physical hazards			

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

11 A



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 2/18/2015. Date of previous issue : No previous validation. Version : 0.01 14/15
Key to abbreviations	 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United NationsACGIH – American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
Version	: 0.01
Date of previous issue	: No previous validation.
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 2/18/2015.
Date of printing	: 2/18/2015.
<u>History</u>	

Section 16. Other information

- AIHA American Industrial Hygiene Association
- CAS Chemical Abstract Services

CEPA – Canadian Environmental Protection Act

CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (EPA)

CFR – United States Code of Federal Regulations

CPR – Controlled Products Regulations

DSL – Domestic Substances List

GWP - Global Warming Potential

IARC – International Agency for Research on Cancer

ICAO – International Civil Aviation Organisation

Inh - Inhalation

- LC Lethal concentration
- LD Lethal dosage
- NDSL Non-Domestic Substances List

NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

- TDG Canadian Transportation of Dangerous Goods Act and Regulations
- TLV Threshold Limit Value

TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act

WEEL – Workplace Environmental Exposure Level

WHMIS - Canadian Workplace Hazardous Material Information System

References

: Not available. Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.