SAFETY DATA SHEET



Flammable Gas Mixture: Carbon Dioxide / Carbon Monoxide / Ethane / Ethylene /

Methane

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier	: Flammable Gas Mixture: Carbon Dioxide / Carbon Monoxide / Ethane / Ethylene / Methane
Other means of identification	: Not available.
Product use	: Synthetic/Analytical chemistry.
SDS #	: 012621
Supplier's details	: Airgas USA, LLC and its affiliates 259 North Radnor-Chester Road Suite 100 Radnor, PA 19087-5283 1-610-687-5253
24-hour telephone	: 1-866-734-3438

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	 This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	: FLAMMABLE GASES - Category 1 GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	 Extremely flammable gas. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. May form explosive mixtures in Air. May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation. May cause drowsiness and dizziness.
Precautionary statements	
General	: Read and follow all Safety Data Sheets (SDS'S) before use. Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. Close valve after each use and when empty. Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Do not open valve until connected to equipment prepared for use. Use a back flow preventative device in the piping. Use only equipment of compatible materials of construction. Approach suspected leak area with caution.
Prevention	: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid breathing gas.
Response	: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.
Storage	: Store locked up. Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52°C/125°F. Store in a well-ventilated place.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: In addition to any other important health or physical hazards, this product may displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 8/23/2016 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 1 1/12

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture Other means of identification

: Mixture

: Not available.

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number	: Not applicable.
Product code	: 012621

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
methane ethane	57 - 99 0.0001 - 20 0.0001 - 20 0.00001 - 1.99	74-85-1 74-82-8 74-84-0 124-38-9
carbon monoxide	0.0001 - 0.0999	630-08-0

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	 Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. To avoid the risk of static discharges and gas ignition, soak contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section.
	s/effects, acute and delayed
Potential acute health eff	
Eye contact	: Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.
Inhalation	 Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness and dizziness.
Skin contact	: Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.
Frostbite	: Try to warm up the frozen tissues and seek medical attention.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section.
<u>Over-exposure signs/syn</u>	nptoms
Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following:, nausea or vomiting, headache, drowsiness/fatigue, dizziness/vertigo, unconsciousness
Skin contact	: No specific data.
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 8/23/2016 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 1 2/12

Section 4. First aid measures

Indication of immediate med	lical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	 Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures **Extinguishing media** : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire. Suitable extinguishing media **Unsuitable extinguishing** : None known. media Specific hazards arising : Contains gas under pressure. Extremely flammable gas. In a fire or if heated, a from the chemical pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Hazardous thermal : Decomposition products may include the following materials: decomposition products carbon dioxide carbon monoxide **Special protective actions** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable for fire-fighters training. Contact supplier immediately for specialist advice. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. If involved in fire, shut off flow immediately if it can be done without risk. If this is impossible, withdraw from area and allow fire to burn. Fight fire from protected location or maximum possible distance. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing **Special protective** apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. equipment for fire-fighters

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	Accidental releases pose a serious fire or explosion hazard. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing gas. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Ensure emergency procedures to deal with accidental gas releases are in place to avoid contamination of the environment. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	ont	ainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

3/12

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Large spill

: Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	1	
Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Contains gas under pressure. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing gas. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not puncture or incinerate container. Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Close valve after each use and when empty. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide, or drop. Use a suitable hand truck for cylinder movement.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Cylinders should be stored upright, with valve protection cap in place, and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over. Cylinder temperatures should not exceed 52 °C (125 °F).

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name			Exposure limits
ethylene			ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016).
2			TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
methane			Oxygen Depletion [Asphyxiant]
ethane			Oxygen Depletion [Asphyxiant]
Carbon Dioxide			ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016). Oxygen
			Depletion [Asphyxiant].
			STEL: 54000 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
			STEL: 30000 ppm 15 minutes.
			TWA: 9000 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
			TWA: 5000 ppm 8 hours.
			NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).
			STEL: 54000 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
			STEL: 30000 ppm 15 minutes.
			TWA: 9000 mg/m ³ 10 hours.
			TWA: 5000 ppm 10 hours.
			OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).
			TWA: 9000 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
			TWA: 5000 ppm 8 hours.
			OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).
			STEL: 54000 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
			STEL: 30000 ppm 15 minutes.
			TWA: 18000 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
			TWA: 10000 ppm 8 hours.
carbon monoxide			ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016).
			TWA: 29 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
ate of issue/Date of revision	: 8/23/2016	Date of previous issue	: No previous validation Version : 1 4/1

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Section 8. Expos	ure controls/personal protection
	TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).CEIL: 229 mg/m³CEIL: 200 ppmTWA: 40 mg/m³ 10 hours.TWA: 35 ppm 10 hours.OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).TWA: 55 mg/m³ 8 hours.TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).CEIL: 229 mg/m³CEIL: 220 ppmTWA: 40 mg/m³ 8 hours.TWA: 40 mg/m³ 8 hours.TWA: 35 ppm 8 hours.
Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measure	ures
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	: Gas.
Color	: Not available.
Melting/freezing point	 -169.15°C (-272.5°F) This is based on data for the following ingredient: ethylene. Weighted average: -174.46°C (-282°F)
Critical temperature	: Lowest known value: -82.45°C (-116.4°F) (methane).
Odor	: Not available.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not available.
Flash point	: Not available.
Burning time	: Not applicable.
Burning rate	: Not applicable.
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Not available.
Vapor pressure	: Not available.
Vapor density	: Highest known value: 1.5 (Air = 1) (Carbon dioxide). Weighted average: 0.94 (Air = 1)
Gas Density (lb/ft ³)	: Weighted average: 0.07
Relative density	: Not applicable.
Solubility	: Not available.
Solubility in water	: Not available.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
SADT	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Not applicable.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	:	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	:	The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	:	Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
Incompatible materials	:	Oxidizers
Hazardous decomposition products	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.
Hazardous polymerization	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

6/12

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
carbon monoxide	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	3760 ppm	1 hours

Irritation/Corrosion

Not available.

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
ethylene	-	3	-

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylene	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
carbon monoxide	Category 1	Not determined	Not determined

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely : Not available.

routes of exposure

		~ .	contra to

Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	:	Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.
Inhalation	1	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Skin contact : Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.

Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section.

7/12

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: No specif	fic data.		
Inhalation		symptoms may include the ss/fatigue, dizziness/vertigo		niting, headache,
Skin contact	: No specif	fic data.		
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 8/23/2016	Date of previous issue	: No previous validation	Version :1

Section 11. Toxicological information

Ingestion

: No specific data.

<u>Short term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	<u>ects</u>
Not available.	
General	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Acute toxicity estimates Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Not available.

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
ethylene	1.13	-	low
methane	1.09	-	low
ethane	1.09	-	low
Carbon Dioxide	0.83	-	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)		: Not available.						

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Empty Airgas-owned pressure vessels should be returned to Airgas. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT	TDG	Mexico	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1954	UN1954	UN1954	UN1954	UN1954
UN proper shipping name	COMPRESSED GAS, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. (ethylene, methane)	COMPRESSED GAS, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. (ethylene, methane)	COMPRESSED GAS, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. (ethylene, methane)	COMPRESSED GAS, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. (ethylene, methane)	COMPRESSED GAS, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. (ethylene, methane)
Transport	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1
hazard class(es)	PLAMMALE GS				
Packing group	-	-	-	-	-
Environment	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	-	Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.13-2.17 (Class 2). Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index 0.125 ERAP Index 3000 Passenger Carrying Ship Index Forbidden	-	-	-
		Passenger Carrying Road or Rail Index Forbidden			

"Refer to CFR 49 (or authority having jurisdiction) to determine the information required for shipment of the product."

Special precautions for user	:	Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.
Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code	:	Not available.

Section 15. Regulatory information

•	-	
U.S. Federal regulations	TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined	
	United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.	
	Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 regulated flammable substances: ethylene; methane; ethane	
Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	Not listed	
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	Not listed	
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	Not listed	
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	Not listed	
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)	Not listed	
<u>SARA 302/304</u>		
Composition/information	ngredients	
Nie waarde ste oor al ferred		

No products were found.

: Not applicable.

SARA 304 RQ SARA 311/312

Classification

: Fire hazard Sudden release of pressure Immediate (acute) health hazard

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Fire hazard	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
ethylene	57 - 99	Yes.	Yes.	No.	Yes.	No.
methane	0.0001 - 20	Yes.	Yes.	No.	No.	No.
ethane	0.0001 - 20	Yes.	Yes.	No.	No.	No.
Carbon Dioxide	0.00001 - 1.99	No.	Yes.	No.	No.	No.
carbon monoxide	0.0001 - 0.0999	Yes.	Yes.	No.	Yes.	Yes.

SARA 313

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements	ethylene	74-85-1	57 - 99
Supplier notification	ethylene	74-85-1	57 - 99

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations

Massachusetts	 The following components are listed: CARBON DIOXIDE; ETHYLENE; ETHENE; METHANE; MARSH GAS; ETHANE
New York	: None of the components are listed.
New Jersey	 The following components are listed: CARBON DIOXIDE; CARBONIC ACID GAS; ETHYLENE; ETHENE; METHANE; ETHANE
Pennsylvania	 The following components are listed: CARBON DIOXIDE; ETHENE; METHANE; ETHANE

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains less than 1% of a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 8/23/20	6 Date of previous issue	: No previous validation	Version :1	10/12
--	--------------------------	--------------------------	------------	-------

Section 15. Regulatory information

Ingredient name	Cancer		level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
carbon monoxide	No.	Yes.	No.	No.

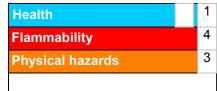
International regulations

International regulations	
International lists	
National inventory	
Australia	: All components are listed or exempted.
Canada	: All components are listed or exempted.
China	: All components are listed or exempted.
Europe	: All components are listed or exempted.
Japan	: All components are listed or exempted.
Malaysia	: Not determined.
New Zealand	: All components are listed or exempted.
Philippines	: All components are listed or exempted.
Republic of Korea	: All components are listed or exempted.
Taiwan	: All components are listed or exempted.
<u>Canada</u>	
WHMIS (Canada)	: Class A: Compressed gas. Class B-1: Flammable gas. Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).
	 CEPA Toxic substances: The following components are listed: Carbon dioxide; Methane; Volatile organic compounds Canadian ARET: None of the components are listed. Canadian NPRI: The following components are listed: Ethylene; Volatile organic compounds; Volatile organic compounds Alberta Designated Substances: None of the components are listed. Ontario Designated Substances: None of the components are listed. Quebec Designated Substances: None of the components are listed.

Section 16. Other information

Canada Label requirements	: Class A: Compressed gas.
	Class B-1: Flammable gas.
	Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



Section 16. Other information

Reprinted with permission from NFPA 704-2001, Identification of the Hazards of Materials for Emergency Response Copyright ©1997, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This reprinted material is not the complete and official position of the National Fire Protection Association, on the referenced subject which is represented only by the standard in its entirety.

Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classif	ication	Justification
Flam. Gas 1, H220 Press. Gas Comp. Gas, H280 STOT SE 3, H336		On basis of test data On basis of test data Calculation method
<u>History</u>		
Date of printing	: 8/23/2016	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 8/23/2016	
Date of previous issue	: No previous validation	
Version	: 1	
Key to abbreviations	ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations	
References	: Not available.	

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.