

Nonflammable Gas Mixture: Carbon Dioxide / Carbon Monoxide / Helium / Nitrous

Oxide

Section 1. Chemical product and company identification

Product name	: Nonflammable Gas Mixture: Carbon Dioxide / Carbon Monoxide / Helium / Nitrous Oxide
Supplier	: AIRGAS INC., on behalf of its subsidiaries 259 North Radnor-Chester Road Suite 100 Radnor, PA 19087-5283 1-610-687-5253
Product use	: Synthetic/Analytical chemistry.
MSDS #	: 012472
Date of Preparation/ Revision	: 12/14/2014.
In case of emergency	: 1-866-734-3438

Section 2. Hazards identification

Gas. WARNING! MAY BE HARMFUL IF INHALED. MAY CAUSE RESPIRATORY TRACT, EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION. CONTAINS MATERIAL THAT MAY CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE, BASED ON ANIMAL DATA. CONTENTS UNDER PRESSURE.
MAY BE HARMFUL IF INHALED. MAY CAUSE RESPIRATORY TRACT, EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION. CONTAINS MATERIAL THAT MAY CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE, BASED ON ANIMAL DATA. CONTENTS UNDER PRESSURE.
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Do not puncture or incinerate container. Avoid breathing gas. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Contains material that may cause target organ damage, based on animal data. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wash thoroughly after handling. Keep container closed. Avoid breathing gas. Use with adequate ventilation.
Contact with rapidly expanding gases can cause frostbite.
Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, the reproductive system, liver, heart, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, central nervous system (CNS).
Inhalation Dermal Eyes
Moderately irritating to eyes. Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.
Moderately irritating to the skin. Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.
Toxic by inhalation. Moderately irritating to the respiratory system.
Ingestion is not a normal route of exposure for gases
Contains material that may cause target organ damage, based on animal data.
Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, the reproductive system, liver, heart, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, central nervous system (CNS).
Pre-existing disorders involving any target organs mentioned in this MSDS as being at risk may be aggravated by over-exposure to this product.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 3. Composition, Information on Ingredients

<mark>Name</mark> Helium Carbon Dioxide	CAS number 7440-59-7 124-38-9	<u>% Volume</u> 55 - 99 0.1 - 20	Exposure limits Oxygen Depletion [Asphyxiant] ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012). Oxygen Depletion [Asphyxiant]. STEL: 54000 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
			STEL: 30000 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 9000 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 5000 ppm 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 1/2013). STEL: 54000 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 30000 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 9000 mg/m ³ 10 hours. TWA: 5000 ppm 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010). TWA: 9000 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 5000 ppm 8 hours. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). STEL: 54000 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 30000 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 18000 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 10000 ppm 8 hours.
Nitrous Oxide	10024-97-2	0.01 - 20	ACGIH TLV (United States, 6/2013). TWA: 90 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 4/2013). TWA: 46 mg/m ³ 10 hours. TWA: 25 ppm 10 hours.
Carbon Monoxide	630-08-0	0.0001 - 5	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012). TWA: 29 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 1/2013). CEIL: 229 mg/m ³ CEIL: 200 ppm TWA: 40 mg/m ³ 10 hours. TWA: 35 ppm 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010). TWA: 55 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). CEIL: 229 mg/m ³ CEIL: 200 ppm TWA: 40 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 35 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 35 ppm 8 hours.

Section 4. First aid measures

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

Eye contact	:	Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical attention immediately.
Skin contact	:	In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention immediately.
Frostbite	:	Try to warm up the frozen tissues and seek medical attention.

respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trailined personnel. Loosen tight (obting such as a collar, tie, bell or waistband. Get medical attention immediately. Ingestion : As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section. Section 5. Fire-fighting measures : Non-flammable. Auto-gnition temperature : Lowest known value: 607°C (1124.6°F) (carbon monoxide). Flammable limits : Greatest known range: Lower 10.9%. Upper: 74.2% (carbon monoxide) Products of combustion : Greatest known range: Lower 10.9%. Upper: 74.2% (carbon monoxide) Fire-fighting media and introgen oxides : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire. Apply water from a safe distance to cool container and protect surrounding area. If involved in fire, shut off flow immediately if it can be done without risk. Containing as under pressure. In a fire off thesed, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst or explode. Special protective quipment for fire-fighters : Fine-fighters should wera appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Section 6. Accidental release measures : Avoid dispersal of splied material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and severs. eutable protective equipment (section 8). Shut off gas supply if this can be done safely. Hooid area safely affect area to us and when empty. Keep container closed. Avoid contact with skin and benegase, do not drag, roll, slide, or drop. Use a s		
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 Eyes Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles. Skin Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. 	Engineering controls	other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any
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Build 1.1 Page: 3/4	Skin	performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before
	Build 1.1	Page: 3/0

Nonflammable Gas Mixture: Carbon Dioxide / Carbon Monoxide / Helium / Nitrous Oxide

Nonflammable Gas Mixture:	Carbon Dioxide / Carbon Monoxide / Helium / Nitrous Oxide
Respiratory	: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.
	The applicable standards are (US) 29 CFR 1910.134 and (Canada) Z94.4-93
Hands	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Personal protection in case of a large spill	: Self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) should be used to avoid inhalation of the product. Full chemical-resistant suit and self-contained breathing apparatus should be worn only by trained and authorized persons.
Product name	
helium Carbon dioxide	Oxygen Depletion [Asphyxiant] ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012). Oxygen Depletion [Asphyxiant].
	STEL: 54000 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 30000 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 9000 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 5000 ppm 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 1/2013). STEL: 54000 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 30000 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 30000 mg/m³ 10 hours. TWA: 9000 mg/m³ 10 hours. TWA: 5000 ppm 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010). TWA: 9000 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 5000 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 54000 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 54000 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 5000 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 5000 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 10000 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 54000 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 54000 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 18000 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 18000 ppm 8 hours.
dinitrogen oxide	ACGIH TLV (United States, 6/2013). TWA: 90 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 4/2013). TWA: 46 mg/m ³ 10 hours. TWA: 25 ppm 10 hours.
carbon monoxide	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012). TWA: 29 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 1/2013). CEIL: 229 mg/m ³ CEIL: 200 ppm TWA: 40 mg/m ³ 10 hours. TWA: 35 ppm 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010). TWA: 55 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). CEIL: 229 mg/m ³ CEIL: 200 ppm TWA: 40 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 35 ppm 8 hours.

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Melting/freezing point	 -90.8°C (-131.4°F) This is based on data for the following ingredient: dinitrogen oxide. Weighted average: -240.5°C (-400.9°F)
Critical temperature	: Lowest known value: -267.9°C (-450.2°F) (helium).
Vapor density	: Highest known value: 1.53 (Air = 1) (dinitrogen oxide). Weighted average: 0.55 (Air = 1)
Gas Density (lb/ft ³)	: Weighted average: 0.01

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Stability and reactivity	: The product is stable.
Incompatibility with various substances	: Not considered to be reactive according to our database.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.
Hazardous polymerization	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Section 11. Toxicological information

<u>Toxicity data</u>				
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Carbon dioxide	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	470000 ppm	30 minutes
carbon monoxide	TDLo Intraperitonea LC50 Inhalation Gas.	l Rat Rat	35 mL/kg 6600 ppm	- 30 minutes
	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	3760 ppm	1 hours
Chronic effects on humans	: CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: ACGIH, 3 (Not classifiable for Contains material which may lungs, the nervous system, the upper respiratory tract, centra	humans.) by IA cause damage e reproductive s	ARC [dinitrogen oxide to the following organ system, liver, heart, c	e]. ns: blood, kidneys,
Other toxic effects on humans	: No specific information is ava this material to humans.	lable in our dat	abase regarding the	other toxic effects of
Specific effects				
Carcinogenic effects	: No known significant effects c	r critical hazard	ds.	
Mutagenic effects	: No known significant effects of	r critical hazard	ds.	
Reproduction toxicity	: No known significant effects c	r critical hazaro	ds.	

Section 12. Ecological information

Aquatic ecotoxicity		
Not available.		
Products of degradation	:	Products of degradation: carbon oxides (CO, CO ₂), nitrogen oxides (NO, NO ₂ etc.).
Environmental fate	:	Not available.
Environmental hazards	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Toxicity to the environment	:	Not available.

Nonflammable Gas Mixture: Carbon Dioxide / Carbon Monoxide / Helium / Nitrous Oxide

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Product removed from the cylinder must be disposed of in accordance with appropriate Federal, State, local regulation.Return cylinders with residual product to Airgas, Inc.Do not dispose of locally.

Section 14 Transport information

Section 14. Transport information						
Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Class	Packing group	Label	Additional information
DOT Classification	UN1956	COMPRESSED GAS, N.O.S.	2.2	Not applicable (gas).	NONFLIMINEE CAS	-
TDG Classification	UN1956	COMPRESSED GAS, N.O.S.	2.2	Not applicable (gas).		Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index 0.125 Passenger Carrying Road or Rail Index 75
Mexico Classification	UN1956	COMPRESSED GAS, N.O.S.	2.2	Not applicable (gas).	RON-LANMARE CAS	-

"Refer to CFR 49 (or authority having jurisdiction) to determine the information required for shipment of the product."

Section 15. Regulatory information

United States	
U.S. Federal regulations	: TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.
	SARA 302/304: No products were found.
	SARA 311/312 Hazards identification: Sudden release of pressure, Immediate (acute) health hazard, Delayed (chronic) health hazard
State regulations	: Connecticut Carcinogen Reporting: None of the components are listed.
	Connecticut Hazardous Material Survey: None of the components are listed.
	Florida substances: None of the components are listed.
	Illinois Chemical Safety Act: None of the components are listed.
	Illinois Toxic Substances Disclosure to Employee Act: None of the components are
	listed.
	Louisiana Reporting: None of the components are listed.
	Louisiana Spill: None of the components are listed.
	Massachusetts Spill: None of the components are listed.
	Massachusetts Substances: The following components are listed: HELIUM;
	NITROUS OXIDE; CARBON DIOXIDE; CARBON MONOXIDE
	Michigan Critical Material: None of the components are listed.
	Minnesota Hazardous Substances: None of the components are listed.
	New Jersey Hazardous Substances: The following components are listed: HELIUM;
	NITROUS OXIDE; NITROGEN OXIDE (N2O); CARBON DIOXIDE; CARBONIC ACID GAS; CARBON MONOXIDE
	New Jersey Spill : None of the components are listed.
	New Jersey Toxic Catastrophe Prevention Act: The following components are listed:
Build 1.1	Page: 6/8

Nonflammable Gas Mixture: Carbon Dioxide / Carbon Monoxide / Helium / Nitrous Oxide carbon monoxide New York Acutely Hazardous Substances: None of the components are listed. New York Toxic Chemical Release Reporting: None of the components are listed. Pennsylvania RTK Hazardous Substances: The following components are listed: HELIUM; NITROUS OXIDE; CARBON DIOXIDE; CARBON MONOXIDE Rhode Island Hazardous Substances: None of the components are listed. California Prop. 65 : WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. **Reproductive** No significant risk Ingredient name Cancer Maximum level acceptable dosage level Nitrous Oxide No. Yes. No. No. Carbon Monoxide No. Yes. No. No. **Canada** WHMIS (Canada) : Class A: Compressed gas. Class D-1A: Material causing immediate and serious toxic effects (Very toxic). Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (Very toxic). **CEPA Toxic substances**: The following components are listed: Nitrous oxide; Carbon dioxide Canadian ARET: None of the components are listed. Canadian NPRI: The following components are listed: Nitrogen oxides (expressed as nitrogen dioxide); Carbon monoxide Alberta Designated Substances: None of the components are listed. Ontario Designated Substances: None of the components are listed. Quebec Designated Substances: None of the components are listed.

Section 16. Other information

United States		
Label requirements	: MAY BE HARMFUL IF INHALED. MAY CAUSE RESPIRATORY TRACT, EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION. CONTAINS MATERIAL THAT MAY CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE, BASED ON ANIMAL DATA. CONTENTS UNDER PRESSURE.	
Canada		
Label requirements	: Class A: Compressed gas. Class D-1A: Material causing immediate and serious toxic effects (Very toxic). Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (Very toxic).	
Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)	Health	2
	Flammability	0
	Physical hazards	3
National Fire Protection : Association (U.S.A.) Flammability Health 2 0 Instability Special		

Notice to reader

Nonflammable Gas Mixture: Carbon Dioxide / Carbon Monoxide / Helium / Nitrous Oxide

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.