# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



Oxidizing Gas Mixture: Halothane / Nitrogen / Nitrous Oxide / Oxygen

# **Section 1. Identification**

**GHS** product identifier

Other means of identification

: Oxidizing Gas Mixture: Halothane / Nitrogen / Nitrous Oxide / Oxygen

: Not available.

Product use : Synthetic/Analytical chemistry.

**SDS**#: 008424

Supplier's details : Airgas USA, LLC and its affiliates 259 North Radnor-Chester Road

Suite 100

Radnor, PA 19087-5283

1-610-687-5253

**24-hour telephone** : 1-866-734-3438

# Section 2. Hazards identification

**OSHA/HCS** status

: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture

: OXIDIZING GASES - Category 1

GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Fertility) - Category 1 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 1

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract

irritation) - Category 3

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -

Category 3

**GHS** label elements

Hazard pictograms









Signal word

: Danger

**Hazard statements** 

: May cause or intensify fire; oxidizer.

Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

Causes serious eye irritation.

Causes skin irritation.

May cause respiratory irritation.

May damage fertility or the unborn child. May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

**Precautionary statements** 

General

: Read and follow all Safety Data Sheets (SDS'S) before use. Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. Close valve after each use and when empty. Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Do not open valve until connected to equipment prepared for use. Use a back flow preventative device in the piping. Use only equipment of compatible materials of construction. Open valve slowly. Use only with equipment cleaned for Oxygen service.

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# Section 2. Hazards identification

#### **Prevention**

: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Keep away from clothing, incompatible materials and combustible materials. Keep reduction valves, valves and fittings free from oil and grease. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid breathing gas. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

#### Response

: In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.

#### **Storage**

: Store locked up. Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52°C/125°F. Store in a well-ventilated place.

#### **Disposal**

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

# Hazards not otherwise classified

: None known.

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture
Other means of
identification

: Not available.

: Mixture

### **CAS** number/other identifiers

**CAS number** : Not applicable.

Product code : 008424

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
1 70	23.5 - 99 0.0001 - 76.5 1 - 76.5 1 - 2.99	7782-44-7 10024-97-2 7727-37-9 151-67-7

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

# Section 4. First aid measures

# **Description of necessary first aid measures**

**Eye contact** 

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

#### **Inhalation**

Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

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# Section 4. First aid measures

Skin contact

: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

: As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

# Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** 

: Causes serious eye irritation. Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.

Inhalation

: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.

**Skin contact** 

: Causes skin irritation. Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.

Frostbite

: Try to warm up the frozen tissues and seek medical attention.

Ingestion

: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section.

### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact** 

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:, pain or irritation, watering, redness

Inhalation

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:, respiratory tract irritation, coughing, nausea or vomiting, headache, drowsiness/fatigue, dizziness/vertigo, unconsciousness, reduced fetal weight, increase in fetal deaths, skeletal malformations

**Skin contact** 

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:, irritation, redness, reduced fetal weight,

increase in fetal deaths, skeletal malformations

Ingestion

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:, reduced fetal weight, increase in fetal deaths, skeletal malformations

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician

: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

**Specific treatments** 

: No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders** 

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

### See toxicological information (Section 11)

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

#### **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing media

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

: None known.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Contains gas under pressure. Oxidizing material. This material increases the risk of fire and may aid combustion. Contact with combustible material may cause fire. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst or explode.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides

halogenated compounds

carbonyl halides

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# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Contact supplier immediately for specialist advice. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. If involved in fire, shut off flow immediately if it can be done without risk.

**Special protective** equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

# Section 6. Accidental release measures

# Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing gas. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For nonemergency personnel".

### **Environmental precautions**

: Ensure emergency procedures to deal with accidental gas releases are in place to avoid contamination of the environment. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

## Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

**Small spill** 

: Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

Large spill

: Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

**Protective measures** 

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Contains gas under pressure. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Avoid breathing gas. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep away from clothing, incompatible materials and combustible materials. Keep reduction valves free from grease and oil. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not puncture or incinerate container. Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Close valve after each use and when empty. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide, or drop. Use a suitable hand truck for cylinder movement.

# **Advice on general** occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

# including any incompatibilities

**Conditions for safe storage**, : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Store locked up. Separate from acids, alkalies, reducing agents and combustibles. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Cylinders should be stored upright, with valve protection cap in place, and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over. Cylinder temperatures should not exceed 52 °C (125 °F).

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# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

# Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
oxygen	None.
nitrous oxide	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016).
	TWA: 90 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).
	TWA: 46 mg/m³ 10 hours.
	TWA: 25 ppm 10 hours.
Nitrogen	Oxygen Depletion [Asphyxiant]
halothane	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016).
	TWA: 404 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).
	CEIL: 16.2 mg/m³ 60 minutes.
	CEIL: 2 ppm 60 minutes.

# Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

# **Environmental exposure** controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### **Individual protection measures**

**Hygiene measures** 

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

#### **Eye/face protection**

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

# **Skin protection**

**Hand protection** 

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

### **Body protection**

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

#### Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

# **Respiratory protection**

: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

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# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

**Physical state** : Gas.

Color : Not available.

: -90.8°C (-131.4°F) This is based on data for the following ingredient: Nitrous Oxide. **Melting/freezing point** 

Weighted average: -177.12°C (-286.8°F)

**Critical temperature** : Lowest known value: -146.95°C (-232.5°F) (nitrogen).

Odor : Not available. **Odor threshold**  Not available. pH : Not available. Flash point : Not available. : Not applicable. **Burning time Burning rate** : Not applicable. **Evaporation rate** : Not available. : Not available. Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available.

Lower and upper explosive

(flammable) limits

: Not available. Vapor pressure

: Highest known value: 1.53 (Air = 1) (Nitrous Oxide). Weighted average: 1.19 (Air = 1) Vapor density

Gas Density (lb/ft 3) : Weighted average: 0.09

**Relative density** : Not applicable. **Solubility** : Not available. Solubility in water : Not available. Partition coefficient: n-: Not available.

octanol/water

**Auto-ignition temperature** : Not available. **Decomposition temperature** : Not available. **SADT** : Not available. **Viscosity** : Not applicable.

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. Reactivity

**Chemical stability** : The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Hazardous reactions or instability may occur under certain conditions of storage or use.

Conditions may include the following: contact with combustible materials Reactions may include the following:

risk of causing fire

**Conditions to avoid** : No specific data.

Incompatible materials : Highly reactive or incompatible with the following materials:

> combustible materials reducing materials

grease oil

**Hazardous decomposition** products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

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# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**Hazardous polymerization**: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

# **Section 11. Toxicological information**

# Information on toxicological effects

# **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
	LC50 Inhalation Gas. LC50 Inhalation Vapor LD50 Oral	Rat	29000 ppm 120000 mg/m³ 5680 mg/kg	1 hours 4 hours

# **Irritation/Corrosion**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
halothane	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 milligrams	-

### **Sensitization**

Not available.

### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

# **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

#### Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
nitrous oxide halothane	-	3	-
Halothane	_	3	

### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

# **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
		Not applicable. Not applicable.	Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects

# Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

### **Aspiration hazard**

Not available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure

: Not available.

## Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** 

: Causes serious eye irritation. Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or

Inhalation

: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness and

dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.

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# Section 11. Toxicological information

Skin contact Ingestion

- : Causes skin irritation. Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.
- : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact** 

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:, pain or irritation, watering, redness

Inhalation

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:, respiratory tract irritation, coughing, nausea or vomiting, headache, drowsiness/fatigue, dizziness/vertigo, unconsciousness,

reduced fetal weight, increase in fetal deaths, skeletal malformations

**Skin contact** 

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:, irritation, redness, reduced fetal weight,

increase in fetal deaths, skeletal malformations

Ingestion

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:, reduced fetal weight, increase in fetal

deaths, skeletal malformations

# Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

**Short term exposure** 

**Potential immediate** 

: Not available.

effects

**Potential delayed effects** 

: Not available.

**Long term exposure** 

**Potential immediate** 

effects

: Not available.

**Potential delayed effects** 

: Not available.

### Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

General : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Teratogenicity** 

: May damage the unborn child.

**Developmental effects** 

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects : May damage fertility.

#### **Numerical measures of toxicity**

**Acute toxicity estimates** 

Not available.

# **Section 12. Ecological information**

### **Toxicity**

Not available.

#### Persistence and degradability

Not available.

### **Bioaccumulative potential**

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# **Section 12. Ecological information**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
oxygen	0.65	-	low
nitrous oxide	0.36	-	low
Nitrogen	0.67	-	low
halothane	2.3	-	low

### **Mobility in soil**

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# Section 13. Disposal considerations

#### **Disposal methods**

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Empty Airgas-owned pressure vessels should be returned to Airgas. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

# **Section 14. Transport information**

	DOT	TDG	Mexico	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN3156	UN3156	UN3156	UN3156	UN3156
UN proper shipping name	COMPRESSED GAS, OXIDIZING, N.O.S. (oxygen, nitrogen)	COMPRESSED GAS, OXIDIZING, N.O.S. (oxygen, nitrogen)	COMPRESSED GAS, OXIDIZING, N.O.S. (oxygen, nitrogen)	COMPRESSED GAS, OXIDIZING, N.O.S. (oxygen, nitrogen)	COMPRESSED GAS, OXIDIZING, N.O.S. (oxygen, nitrogen)
Transport	2.2 (5.1)	2.2 (5.1)	2.2 (5.1)	2.2 (5.1)	2.2 (5.1)
hazard class(es)	ner www.et exp				
Packing group	-	-	-	-	-
Environment	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information		Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.13-2.17 (Class 2), 2.23-2.25 (Class 5).  Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index 0  ERAP Index 3000  Passenger Carrying Ship Index Forbidden  Passenger Carrying Road or Rail Index 75	-	-	

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# Section 14. Transport information

"Refer to CFR 49 (or authority having jurisdiction) to determine the information required for shipment of the product."

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are

upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the

event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available.

to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

# Section 15. Regulatory information

: TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined U.S. Federal regulations

United States inventory (TSCA 8b): Not determined.

Clean Air Act Section 112

(b) Hazardous Air **Pollutants (HAPs)**  : Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602

**Class I Substances** 

: Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602

**Class II Substances** 

: Not listed

**DEA List I Chemicals** 

(Precursor Chemicals)

: Not listed

**DEA List II Chemicals** (Essential Chemicals) : Not listed

**SARA 302/304** 

**Composition/information on ingredients** 

No products were found.

**SARA 304 RQ** 

: Not applicable.

**SARA 311/312** 

Classification : Sudden release of pressure

Immediate (acute) health hazard Delayed (chronic) health hazard

### **Composition/information on ingredients**

Name	%	Fire hazard	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
oxygen	1 - 76.5	No.	Yes.	No.	No.	No.
nitrous oxide		No.	Yes.	No.	Yes.	No.
Nitrogen		No.	Yes.	No.	No.	No.
halothane		No.	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes.

### **State regulations**

**Massachusetts** : The following components are listed: NITROUS OXIDE; OXYGEN (LIQUID);

NITROGEN; NITROGEN (LIQUIFIED); HALOTHANE

**New York** : None of the components are listed.

: The following components are listed: NITROUS OXIDE; NITROGEN OXIDE (N2O); **New Jersey** 

OXYGEN; NITROGEN; HALOTHANE; ETHANE, 2-BROMO-2-CHLORO-1,1,

1-TRIFLUORO-

**Pennsylvania** : The following components are listed: NITROUS OXIDE; OXYGEN; NITROGEN

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# **Section 15. Regulatory information**

### California Prop. 65

**WARNING:** This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Ingredient name	Cancer	•	level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
	_			No. No.

### **International regulations**

#### **International lists**

### **National inventory**

Australia : All components are listed or exempted.

Canada : All components are listed or exempted.

China : Not determined.

**Europe** : All components are listed or exempted.

Japan : Not determined.

Malaysia : Not determined.

New Zealand : All components are listed or exempted.

Philippines : Not determined.

Republic of Korea : All components are listed or exempted.

Taiwan : All components are listed or exempted.

Canada

WHMIS (Canada) : Class A: Compressed gas.

Class C: Oxidizing material.

Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (Very toxic). Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).

CEPA Toxic substances: The following components are listed: Nitrous oxide

Canadian ARET: None of the components are listed.

Canadian NPRI: The following components are listed: Nitrogen oxides (expressed as

nitrogen dioxide)

Alberta Designated Substances: None of the components are listed.

Ontario Designated Substances: None of the components are listed.

Quebec Designated Substances: None of the components are listed.

# Section 16. Other information

Canada Label requirements : Class A: Compressed gas.

Class C: Oxidizing material.

Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (Very toxic). Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).

#### **Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)**



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

**National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)** 

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# Section 16. Other information



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

#### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification	
Ox. Gas 1, H270	On basis of test data	
Press. Gas Comp. Gas, H280	On basis of test data	
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Expert judgment	
Eye Irrit. 2A, H319	Calculation method	
Repr. 1, H360 (Fertility)	Calculation method	
Repr. 1, H360 (Unborn child)	Calculation method	
STOT SE 3, H335	Expert judgment	
STOT SE 3, H336	Calculation method	

#### **History**

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**Key to abbreviations** : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,

1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

**UN = United Nations** 

References : Not available.

▼ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

### **Notice to reader**

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

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