SAFETY DATA SHEET



Flammable Liquefied Gas Mixture: Ethane / Heptane / Hexane / Isobutane / Isopentane / Methane / N-Butane / N-Pentane / Octane / Propane

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier

: Flammable Liquefied Gas Mixture: Ethane / Heptane / Hexane / Isobutane / Isopentane / Methane / N-Butane / N-Pentane / Octane / Propane

Other means of identification

: Not available.

Product use

: Synthetic/Analytical chemistry.

SDS#

: 006753

Supplier's details

: Airgas USA, LLC and its affiliates 259 North Radnor-Chester Road

Suite 100

Radnor, PA 19087-5283

1-610-687-5253

24-hour telephone : 1-866-734-3438

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status

: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture

: FLAMMABLE GASES - Category 1

GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Liquefied gas SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Fertility) - Category 2 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 2

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -

Category 3

SPEČIFÍC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2

AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 2 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms













Signal word

: Danger

Hazard statements

Extremely flammable gas.

Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

May cause frostbite.

May form explosive mixtures in Air. Causes serious eye damage.

Causes skin irritation.

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

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Section 2. Hazards identification

General

: Read and follow all Safety Data Sheets (SDS'S) before use. Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. Close valve after each use and when empty. Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Do not open valve until connected to equipment prepared for use. Use a back flow preventative device in the piping. Use only equipment of compatible materials of construction. Always keep container in upright position. Approach suspected leak area with caution.

Prevention

: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe gas. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Response

: Collect spillage. Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.

Storage

: Store locked up. Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52°C/125°F. Store in a well-ventilated place.

Disposal

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Hazards not otherwise classified

: Liquid can cause burns similar to frostbite.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

Other means of identification

: Not available.

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number : Not applicable.

Product code : 006753

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
N-Butane	0.0001 - 99	106-97-8
ethane	0.0001 - 99	74-84-0
Propane	0.0001 - 99	74-98-6
methane	0.0001 - 20	74-82-8
isopentane	1 - 20	78-78-4
isobutane	0.0001 - 20	75-28-5
heptane	1 - 5	142-82-5
n-hexane	1 - 5	110-54-3
n-pentane	1 - 5	109-66-0
octane	0.1 - 0.9999	111-65-9

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

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Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

Inhalation

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact

Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. To avoid the risk of static discharges and gas ignition, soak contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. In case of contact with liquid, warm frozen tissues slowly with lukewarm water and get medical attention. Do not rub affected area. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Ingestion of liquid can cause burns similar to frostbite. If frostbite occurs, get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. As this product rapidly becomes a gas when released, refer to the inhalation section.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact

: Causes serious eye damage. Liquid can cause burns similar to frostbite.

Inhalation

: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness and

dizziness.

Skin contact

: Causes skin irritation. Dermal contact with rapidly evaporating liquid could result in

freezing of the tissues or frostbite.

Frostbite

: Try to warm up the frozen tissues and seek medical attention.

Ingestion

: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. Ingestion of liquid can cause burns similar to frostbite.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eve contact

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:, pain, watering, redness, frostbite

Inhalation

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:, nausea or vomiting, headache, drowsiness/fatigue, dizziness/vertigo, unconsciousness, reduced fetal weight, increase

in fetal deaths, skeletal malformations

Skin contact

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:, pain or irritation, redness, blistering may occur, frostbite, reduced fetal weight, increase in fetal deaths, skeletal malformations

Ingestion

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:, frostbite, stomach pains, reduced fetal weight, increase in fetal deaths, skeletal malformations

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician

: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments

: No specific treatment.

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Section 4. First aid measures

Protection of first-aiders

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

: None known.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Contains gas under pressure. Extremely flammable gas. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Contact supplier immediately for specialist advice. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. If involved in fire, shut off flow immediately if it can be done without risk. If this is impossible, withdraw from area and allow fire to burn. Fight fire from protected location or maximum possible distance. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. For incidents involving large quantities, thermally insulated undergarments and thick textile or leather gloves should be worn.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: Accidental releases pose a serious fire or explosion hazard. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe gas. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders:

If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions

: Ensure emergency procedures to deal with accidental gas releases are in place to avoid contamination of the environment. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

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Section 6. Accidental release measures

Small spill

: Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

Large spill

: Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Contains gas under pressure. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe gas. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not puncture or incinerate container. Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Close valve after each use and when empty. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide, or drop. Use a suitable hand truck for cylinder movement.

Advice on general occupational hygiene : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

including any incompatibilities

Conditions for safe storage, : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Cylinders should be stored upright, with valve protection cap in place, and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over. Cylinder temperatures should not exceed 52 °C (125 °F).

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

N-Butane

NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).

TWA: 1900 mg/m³ 10 hours. TWA: 800 ppm 10 hours.

OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).

TWA: 1900 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 800 ppm 8 hours.

ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015).

STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. Oxygen Depletion [Asphyxiant]

NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).

TWA: 1800 mg/m³ 10 hours. TWA: 1000 ppm 10 hours.

OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).

TWA: 1800 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.

OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).

TWA: 1800 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. Oxygen Depletion [Asphyxiant] ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015).

TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.

NIOSH REL (United States, 4/2013).

ethane Propane

methane isopentane

isobutane

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

heptane

n-hexane

n-pentane

octane

TWA: 1900 mg/m³ 10 hours. TWA: 800 ppm 10 hours.

ACGIH TLV (United States, 6/2013).

STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.

ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015).

STEL: 2050 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 1640 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours.

NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).

CEIL: 1800 mg/m³ 15 minutes. CEIL: 440 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 350 mg/m³ 10 hours. TWA: 85 ppm 10 hours.

OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).

TWA: 2000 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours.

OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).

STEL: 2000 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 1600 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours.

ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012).

Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

NIOSH REL (United States, 1/2013).

TWA: 180 mg/m³ 10 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 10 hours.

OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010).

TWA: 1800 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours.

OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).

TWA: 180 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015).

TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.

NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).

CEIL: 1800 mg/m³ 15 minutes. CEIL: 610 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 350 mg/m³ 10 hours. TWA: 120 ppm 10 hours.

OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).

TWA: 2950 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.

OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).

STEL: 2250 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 750 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 1800 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 600 ppm 8 hours.

OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).

TWA: 300 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1450 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 375 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 1800 mg/m³ 15 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).

TWA: 75 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 350 mg/m³ 10 hours.

CEIL: 385 ppm 15 minutes. CEIL: 1800 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015).

TWA: 300 ppm 8 hours.

OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).

TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours.

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

TWA: 2350 mg/m3 8 hours.

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/ or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

Skin protection

Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. If contact with the liquid is possible, insulated gloves suitable for low temperatures should be worn. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Body protection

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Gas.

Color : Not available.

Melting/freezing point : -138°C (-216.4°F) This is based on data for the following ingredient: Butane. Weighted

average: -171.39°C (-276.5°F)

Critical temperature : Lowest known value: -82.45°C (-116.4°F) (methane).

Odor : Not available.
Odor threshold : Not available.
pH : Not available.
Flash point : Not available.

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Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Burning time : Not applicable. **Burning rate** : Not applicable. **Evaporation rate** : Not available. : Not available. Flammability (solid, gas) Lower and upper explosive : Not available.

(flammable) limits

Vapor pressure : Not available.

Vapor density : Highest known value: 2.1 (Air = 1) (Butane). Weighted average: 1.55 (Air = 1)

Gas Density (lb/ft 3) : Weighted average: 0.13

Relative density : Not applicable. : Not available. Solubility Solubility in water : Not available. : Not available. Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperature : Not available. **Decomposition temperature** : Not available. **SADT** : Not available. **Viscosity** : Not applicable.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. Reactivity

Chemical stability : The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld,

braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

Incompatible materials : Oxidizers

Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should

not be produced.

Hazardous polymerization : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
N-Butane	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	658000 mg/m ³	4 hours
isopentane	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	280000 mg/m ³	4 hours
isobutane	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	658000 mg/m ³	4 hours
heptane	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	48000 ppm	4 hours
•	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	50242 ppm	1 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	103 g/m³	4 hours
n-hexane	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	48000 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	96000 ppm	1 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	15840 mg/kg	_
n-pentane	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	364 g/m³	4 hours

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Section 11. Toxicological information

octane	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	25260 ppm	4 hours	
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	118 g/m³	4 hours	

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
n-hexane	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	10 milligrams	-

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
isopentane heptane n-hexane n-pentane octane	Category 3 Category 3 Category 3 Category 3 Category 3	Not applicable. Not applicable. Not applicable.	Narcotic effects Narcotic effects Narcotic effects Narcotic effects Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
n-hexane	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
octane	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure

: Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact

: Causes serious eye damage. Liquid can cause burns similar to frostbite.

Inhalation

: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Skin contact

: Causes skin irritation. Dermal contact with rapidly evaporating liquid could result in freezing of the tissues or frostbite.

Ingestion

: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. Ingestion of liquid can cause burns similar to frostbite.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:, pain, watering, redness, frostbite

Inhalation

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:, nausea or vomiting, headache, drowsiness/fatigue, dizziness/vertigo, unconsciousness, reduced fetal weight, increase in fetal deaths, skeletal malformations

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Section 11. Toxicological information

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:, pain or irritation, redness, blistering may occur, frostbite, reduced fetal weight, increase in fetal deaths, skeletal malformations

Ingestion

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:, frostbite, stomach pains, reduced fetal weight, increase in fetal deaths, skeletal malformations

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects

: Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects

: Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

General : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

: No known significant effects or critical hazards. Carcinogenicity Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Teratogenicity** : Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Developmental effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects : Suspected of damaging fertility.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
•	, 0	Fish - Oreochromis mossambicus Fish - Oreochromis mossambicus	

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
N-Butane	2.89	-	low
ethane	1.09	-	low
Propane	1.09	-	low
methane	1.09	-	low
isopentane	3	171	low
isobutane	2.8	-	low
heptane	4.66	552	high
n-hexane	4	501.187	high
n-pentane	3.45	171	low
octane	5.18	198.7	low

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Section 12. Ecological information

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Empty Airgas-owned pressure vessels should be returned to Airgas. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT	TDG	Mexico	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN3161	UN3161	UN3161	UN3161	UN3161
UN proper shipping name	Liquefied gas, flammable, n.o.s. (propane, Butane)	Liquefied gas, flammable, n.o.s. (propane, Butane)	Liquefied gas, flammable n.o.s. (propane, Butane)	Liquefied gas, flammable n.o.s. (propane, Butane)	Liquefied gas, flammable n.o.s. (propane, Butane)
Transport hazard class(es)	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1
Packing group	-	-	-	-	-
Environment	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
Additional information		Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.13-2.17 (Class 2), 2.7 (Marine pollutant mark). The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported by road or rail. Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index 0.125 ERAP Index 3000 Passenger Carrying Ship Index Forbidden Passenger Carrying Road or Rail Index Forbidden		The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.	The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

"Refer to CFR 49 (or authority having jurisdiction) to determine the information required for shipment of the product."

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Section 14. Transport information

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are

upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the

event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according: Not available.

to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations : TSCA 8(a) PAIR: pentane; heptane

TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined

United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.

Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 regulated flammable substances: Butane; ethane; propane;

Isobutane; methane; Isopentane; pentane

Clean Air Act Section 112

(b) Hazardous Air **Pollutants (HAPs)** : Listed

Clean Air Act Section 602

Class I Substances

: Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602

Class II Substances

: Not listed

DEA List I Chemicals

(Precursor Chemicals)

: Not listed

DEA List II Chemicals

(Essential Chemicals)

: Not listed

SARA 302/304

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.

SARA 311/312

Classification : Fire hazard

Sudden release of pressure Immediate (acute) health hazard Delayed (chronic) health hazard

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Fire hazard	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
N-Butane	0.0001 - 99	Yes.	Yes.	No.	No.	No.
ethane	0.0001 - 99	Yes.	Yes.	No.	No.	No.
Propane	0.0001 - 99	Yes.	Yes.	No.	No.	No.
methane	0.0001 - 20	Yes.	Yes.	No.	No.	No.
isopentane	1 - 20	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
isobutane	0.0001 - 20	Yes.	Yes.	No.	No.	No.
heptane	1 - 5	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
n-hexane	1 - 5	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes.
n-pentane	1 - 5	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
octane	0.1 - 0.9999	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.

SARA 313

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Section 15. Regulatory information

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements	n-hexane	110-54-3	1 - 5
Supplier notification	n-hexane	110-54-3	1 - 5

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations

Massachusetts: The following components are listed: BUTANE; ETHANE; PROPANE; ISOBUTANE;

METHANE; ISOPENTANE; PENTANE; HEXANE; HEPTANE (N-HEPTANE)

New York : The following components are listed: Hexane

New Jersey : The following components are listed: BUTANE; ETHANE; PROPANE; Isobutane;

PROPANE, 2-METHYL-; METHANE; ISOPENTANE; BUTANE, 2-METHYL-; PENTANE;

n-HEXANE; HEXANE; n-HEPTANE; HEPTANE

Pennsylvania : The following components are listed: BUTANE; ETHANE; PROPANE,

2-METHYL-; METHANE; BUTANE, 2-METHYL-; PENTANE; HEXANE; HEPTANE

International regulations

International lists

National inventory

Australia : All components are listed or exempted.

Canada : All components are listed or exempted.

China : All components are listed or exempted.

Europe : All components are listed or exempted.

Japan : All components are listed or exempted.

Malaysia : Not determined.

New Zealand : All components are listed or exempted.

Philippines : All components are listed or exempted.

Republic of Korea : All components are listed or exempted.

Taiwan : Not determined.

Canada

WHMIS (Canada) : Class A: Compressed gas.

Class B-1: Flammable gas.

Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (Very toxic). Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).

CEPA Toxic substances: The following components are listed: Volatile organic

compounds; Methane

Canadian ARET: None of the components are listed.

Canadian NPRI: The following components are listed: Butane (all isomers); Volatile organic compounds; Propane; Butane (all isomers); Volatile organic compounds; Pentane (all isomers); Pentane (all isomers); n-Hexane; Heptane (all isomers)

Alberta Designated Substances: None of the components are listed. Ontario Designated Substances: None of the components are listed. Quebec Designated Substances: None of the components are listed.

Section 16. Other information

Canada Label requirements : Class A: Compressed gas.

Class B-1: Flammable gas.

Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (Very toxic). Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health	2
Flammability	4

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Section 16. Other information



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification	
Flam. Gas 1, H220	On basis of test data	
Press. Gas Liq. Gas, H280	On basis of test data	
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Expert judgment	
Eye Dam. 1, H318	Expert judgment	
Repr. 2, H361 (Fertility)	Calculation method	
Repr. 2, H361 (Unborn child)	Calculation method	
STOT SE 3, H336	Calculation method	
STOT RE 2, H373	Calculation method	
Aquatic Acute 2, H401	Calculation method	
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	Calculation method	

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Key to abbreviations

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,

1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

UN = United Nations

References : Not available.

▼ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

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Section 16. Other information

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

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