# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



Oxidizing Gas Mixture: Nitrogen / Nitrous Oxide / Oxygen / Sevoflurane

### Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier	: Oxidizing Gas Mixture: Nitrogen / Nitrous Oxide / Oxygen / Sevoflurane
Other means of identification	: Not available.
Product use	: Synthetic/Analytical chemistry.
SDS #	: 006471
Supplier's details	: Airgas USA, LLC and its affiliates 259 North Radnor-Chester Road Suite 100 Radnor, PA 19087-5283 1-610-687-5253
24-hour telephone	: 1-866-734-3438

### Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	: OXIDIZING GASES - Category 1 GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>May cause or intensify fire; oxidizer.</li> <li>Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.</li> <li>May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.</li> <li>May cause drowsiness and dizziness.</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements	
General	: Read and follow all Safety Data Sheets (SDS'S) before use. Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. Close valve after each use and when empty. Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Do not open valve until connected to equipment prepared for use. Use a back flow preventative device in the piping. Use only equipment of compatible materials of construction. Open valve slowly. Use only with equipment cleaned for Oxygen service.
Prevention	: Wear respiratory protection. Keep away from clothing, incompatible materials and combustible materials. Keep reduction valves, valves and fittings free from oil and grease. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid breathing gas.
Response	In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so. IF INHALED: If breathing is difficult, remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or physician.
Storage	: Store locked up. Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52°C/125°F. Store in a well-ventilated place.
Disposal	<ul> <li>Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.</li> </ul>

### Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazards not otherwise : None known. classified

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of identification	: Not available.

CAS number	: Not applicable.
Product code	: 006471

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
nitrous oxide	1 - 99	10024-97-2
oxygen	24 - 99	7782-44-7
Nitrogen	1 - 76	7727-37-9
sevoflurane	1 - 9.99	28523-86-6

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

<b>Description</b>	n of necessar	y first aid	measu	ires		
_					-	

Eye contact	<ul> <li>Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.</li> </ul>
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure.
Skin contact	<ul> <li>Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.</li> </ul>
Ingestion	: As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section.
Most important symptoms	/effects, acute and delayed
Potential acute health eff	<u>ects</u>
Eye contact	: Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.
Inhalation	<ul> <li>Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.</li> </ul>
Skin contact	: Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.
Frostbite	: Try to warm up the frozen tissues and seek medical attention.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section.
<u>Over-exposure signs/syn</u>	<u>iptoms</u>
Eye contact	: No specific data.
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# Section 4. First aid measures

<ul> <li>Adverse symptoms may include the following:, wheezing and breathing difficulties, asthma, nausea or vomiting, headache, drowsiness/fatigue, dizziness/vertigo, unconsciousness</li> <li>No specific data.</li> <li>No specific data.</li> </ul>
: No specific data. edical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
edical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
<ul> <li>In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.</li> <li>The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.</li> </ul>
: No specific treatment.
: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask o self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

U	0
Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Contains gas under pressure. Oxidizing material. This material increases the risk of fire and may aid combustion. Contact with combustible material may cause fire. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst or explode.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds carbonyl halides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Contact supplier immediately for specialist advice. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. If involved in fire, shut off flow immediately if it can be done without risk.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

# Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protection	<u>ctive equipn</u>	nent and emergency proce	<u>dures</u>				
For non-emergency personnel	Evacuat entering Avoid br	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing gas. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.					
For emergency responders	in Sectio	lised clothing is required to on 8 on suitable and unsuitable and unsuitable and unsuitable personnel".					
Environmental precautions	contami	emergency procedures to de nation of the environment. In environmental pollution (sew	nform the relevant author	ities if the p			
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### Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill	mediately contact e	<b>e</b> , .	Stop leak if without risk.	Use spark-proof
Large spill	ols and explosion-pr	<b>e</b> , .	Stop leak if without risk. see Section 1 for emerge al.	• •

### Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	
Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Contains gas under pressure. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Avoid breathing gas. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep away from clothing, incompatible materials and combustible materials. Keep reduction valves free from grease and oil. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not puncture or incinerate container. Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Close valve after each use and when empty. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide, or drop. Use a suitable hand truck for cylinder movement.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Store locked up. Separate from acids, alkalies, reducing agents and combustibles. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Cylinders should be stored upright, with valve protection cap in place, and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over. Cylinder temperatures should not exceed 52 °C (125 °F).

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
nitrous oxide	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015). TWA: 90 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). TWA: 46 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. TWA: 25 ppm 10 hours.
oxygen Nitrogen sevoflurane	None. Oxygen Depletion [Asphyxiant] None.

Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

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### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	<ul> <li>Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	: Gas.
Color	: Not available.
Melting/freezing point	<ul> <li>-90.8°C (-131.4°F) This is based on data for the following ingredient: Nitrous Oxide. Weighted average: -169.97°C (-273.9°F)</li> </ul>
Critical temperature	: Lowest known value: -146.95°C (-232.5°F) (nitrogen).
Odor	: Not available.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not available.
Flash point	: Not available.
Burning time	: Not applicable.
Burning rate	: Not applicable.
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Not available.
Vapor pressure	: Not available.
Vapor density	: Highest known value: 1.53 (Air = 1) (Nitrous Oxide). Weighted average: 1.22 (Air = 1)
Gas Density (lb/ft <sup>3</sup> )	: Weighted average: 0.09
Relative density	: Not applicable.
Solubility	: Not available.
Solubility in water	: Not available.
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 11/2/2015 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 0.01 5/12

### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	1	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	1	Not available.
SADT	1	Not available.
Viscosity	1	Not applicable.

#### Section 10. Stability and reactivity Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. **Chemical stability** : The product is stable. **Possibility of hazardous** : Hazardous reactions or instability may occur under certain conditions of storage or use. reactions Conditions may include the following: contact with combustible materials Reactions may include the following: risk of causing fire **Conditions to avoid** : No specific data. **Incompatible materials** : Highly reactive or incompatible with the following materials: combustible materials reducing materials

Hazardous decomposition : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Hazardous polymerization : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

### Section 11. Toxicological information

grease oil

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
sevoflurane	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	58000 ppm	1 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10800 mg/kg	-

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Not available.

#### **Sensitization**

Not available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

#### **Classification**

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
nitrous oxide	-	3	-

### Section 11. Toxicological information

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
nitrous oxide sevoflurane	0,		Narcotic effects Narcotic effects

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Not available.

Not available.	
Information on the likely	: Not available.
routes of exposure	
Potential acute health effects	
Eye contact	: Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.
Inhalation	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
Skin contact	: Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section.
Symptoms related to the phy	sical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following:, wheezing and breathing difficulties, asthma, nausea or vomiting, headache, drowsiness/fatigue, dizziness/vertigo, unconsciousness
Skin contact	: No specific data.
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Delaved and immediate effec	ts and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Short term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
<u>Long term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	ects
Not available.	
General	: Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Developmental effects</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 11. Toxicological information

**Fertility effects** 

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

### Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

Not available.

#### Persistence and degradability

Not available.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogP <sub>ow</sub>	BCF	Potential
nitrous oxide	0.36	-	low
oxygen	0.65	-	low
Nitrogen	0.67	-	low
sevoflurane	1.75	-	low

#### **Mobility in soil**

Soil/water partition : I coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

#### Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Empty Airgas-owned pressure vessels should be returned to Airgas. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty
	containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container

### Section 14. Transport information

	DOT	TDG	Mexico	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN3156	UN3156	UN3156	UN3156	UN3156
UN proper shipping name	COMPRESSED GAS, OXIDIZING, N.O.S. (oxygen, Nitrous Oxide)				
Transport hazard class(es)	2.2 (5.1)	2.2 (5.1)	2.2 (5.1)	2.2 (5.1)	2.2 (5.1)
Date of issue/Date of r	evision : 11/2/2015	5 Date of previo	us issue : No pre	evious validation Ver	<mark>sion</mark> :0.01 8/1

### Section 14. Transport information

Packing group	-	-	-	-	-
Environment	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	-	Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.13-2.17 (Class 2), 2.23-2.25 (Class 5). <u>Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index</u> 0 <u>ERAP Index</u> 3000 <u>Passenger Carrying</u> . <u>Ship Index</u> Forbidden <u>Passenger Carrying</u> . <u>Road or Rail Index</u> 75	-	-	-

"Refer to CFR 49 (or authority having jurisdiction) to determine the information required for shipment of the product."

Special precautions for user :	<b>Transport within user's premises:</b> always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.
Transmission in the level of a second in second	Net evelopie

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

# Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations		TSCA 8/	a) CDP Exampt/	Partial oxon	ption: Not determined	4		
0.5. Tederal regulations	1	•	tates inventory		•	1		
		United 5	tates inventory	(13CA 0D).	Not determined.			
Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	:	Not listed	I					
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	:	Not listed	l					
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	:	Not listed	l					
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	:	Not listed	l					
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)	:	Not listed	l					
<u>SARA 302/304</u>								
Composition/information	on	ingredien	<u>ts</u>					
No products were found.								
SARA 304 RQ	:	Not appli	cable.					
<u>SARA 311/312</u>								
Classification	:		elease of pressu te (acute) health					
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# Section 15. Regulatory information

#### **Composition/information on ingredients**

Name	%		Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
nitrous oxide	1 - 99	No.	Yes.	No.	Yes.	No.
oxygen	24 - 99	No.	Yes.	No.	No.	No.
Nitrogen	1 - 76	No.	Yes.	No.	No.	No.
sevoflurane	1 - 9.99	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.

#### State regulations

Massachusetts	<ul> <li>The following components are listed: NITROUS OXIDE; OXYGEN (LIQUID); NITROGEN</li> </ul>
New York	: None of the components are listed.
New Jersey	: The following components are listed: NITROUS OXIDE; NITROGEN OXIDE (N2O); OXYGEN; NITROGEN

### Pennsylvania

: The following components are listed: NITROUS OXIDE; OXYGEN; NITROGEN

#### California Prop. 65

**WARNING:** This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Ingredient name	Cancer	Reproductive		Maximum acceptable dosage level
Nitrous Oxide	No.	Yes.	No.	No.

#### International regulations

international regulations	
International lists	
National inventory	
Australia	: Not determined.
Canada	: Not determined.
China	: Not determined.
Europe	: Not determined.
Japan	: Not determined.
Malaysia	: Not determined.
New Zealand	: Not determined.
Philippines	: Not determined.
Republic of Korea	: Not determined.
Taiwan	: All components are listed or exempted.
<u>Canada</u>	
WHMIS (Canada)	: Class A: Compressed gas. Class C: Oxidizing material. Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (Very toxic).
	<ul> <li>CEPA Toxic substances: The following components are listed: Nitrous oxide</li> <li>Canadian ARET: None of the components are listed.</li> <li>Canadian NPRI: The following components are listed: Nitrogen oxides (expressed as nitrogen dioxide)</li> <li>Alberta Designated Substances: None of the components are listed.</li> <li>Ontario Designated Substances: None of the components are listed.</li> <li>Quebec Designated Substances: None of the components are listed.</li> </ul>

### Section 16. Other information

Canada Label requirements : Class A: Compressed gas.

Class A: Compressed gas. Class C: Oxidizing material. Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (Very toxic).

#### Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

#### National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

#### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classi	fication	Justification		
Ox. Gas 1, H270 Press. Gas Comp. Gas, H280 Resp. Sens. 1, H334 STOT SE 3, H336		On basis of test data On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method		
<u>History</u>				
Date of printing	: 11/2/2015			
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 11/2/2015			
Date of previous issue	: No previous validation			
Version	: 0.01			
Key to abbreviations	<ul> <li>0.01</li> <li>ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations</li> </ul>			
References	: Not available.			
Indicates information that	has changed from previous	y issued version.		

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### Section 16. Other information

#### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.