# SAFETY DATA SHEET



Oxidizing Gas Mixture: Nitrous Oxide 1ppm-81% / Oxygen 19-99%

### Section 1. Identification

**GHS** product identifier

: Oxidizing Gas Mixture: Nitrous Oxide 1ppm-81% / Oxygen 19-99%

Other means of identification

: Not available.

**Product use** 

: Synthetic/Analytical chemistry.

SDS#

: 005197

Supplier's details

: Airgas USA, LLC and its affiliates 259 North Radnor-Chester Road

Suite 100

Radnor, PA 19087-5283

1-610-687-5253

Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation) : 1-866-734-3438

### Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

(29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture

: OXIDIZING GASES - Category 1

GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -

Category 3

**GHS** label elements

Hazard pictograms







Signal word

: Danger

**Hazard statements** 

: May cause or intensify fire; oxidizer.

Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

**Precautionary statements** 

General

: Read and follow all Safety Data Sheets (SDS'S) before use. Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. Close valve after each use and when empty. Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Do not open valve until connected to equipment prepared for use. Use a back flow preventative device in the piping. Use only equipment of compatible materials of construction. Open valve slowly. Use only with equipment cleaned for Oxygen service.

Prevention

: Keep away from clothing, incompatible materials and combustible materials. Keep reduction valves free from grease and oil. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid breathing gas. Use and store only outdoors or in a well ventilated place.

Response

: In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so. IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or

physician if you feel unwell.

**Storage** 

: Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52°C/125°F. Store in a well-ventilated place.

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### Section 2. Hazards identification

**Disposal** 

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Hazards not otherwise

classified

: None known.

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture Other means of

identification

Not available.

#### **CAS** number/other identifiers

**CAS** number : Not applicable. **Product code** : 005197

Ingredient name	%	CAS number	
oxygen Dinitrogen oxide	19 - 99 0.0001 - 81	7782-44-7 10024-97-2	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

#### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

**Eye contact** 

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation

: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

**Skin contact** 

: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

: As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** 

: May cause eye irritation. Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.

Inhalation

: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.

**Skin contact** 

: May cause skin irritation. Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.

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### Section 4. First aid measures

**Frostbite** 

: Try to warm up the frozen tissues and seek medical attention.

Ingestion

: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact

: No specific data.

Inhalation

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

Skin contact Ingestion

No specific data.No specific data.

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician

: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

**Specific treatments** 

: No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders** 

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

### See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

#### **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

**Unsuitable extinguishing** 

media

: None known.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Contains gas under pressure. Oxidizing material. This material increases the risk of fire and may aid combustion. Contact with combustible material may cause fire. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst or explode.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: nitrogen oxides

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Contact supplier immediately for specialist advice. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. If involved in fire, shut off flow immediately if it can be done without risk.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

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### Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing gas. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For nonemergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions** 

: Ensure emergency procedures to deal with accidental gas releases are in place to avoid contamination of the environment. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

**Small spill** 

: Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

Large spill

: Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

#### **Precautions for safe handling**

**Protective measures** 

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Contains gas under pressure. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing gas. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep away from clothing, incompatible materials and combustible materials. Keep reduction valves free from grease and oil. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not puncture or incinerate container. Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Close valve after each use and when empty. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide, or drop. Use a suitable hand truck for cylinder movement.

**Advice on general** occupational hygiene : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

including any incompatibilities

**Conditions for safe storage**, : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Store locked up. Separate from acids, alkalies, reducing agents and combustibles. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Cylinders should be stored upright, with valve protection cap in place, and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over. Cylinder temperatures should not exceed 52 °C (125 °F).

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# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Dinitrogen oxide	ACGIH TLV (United States, 6/2013).  TWA: 90 mg/m³ 8 hours.  TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.  NIOSH REL (United States, 4/2013).  TWA: 46 mg/m³ 10 hours.  TWA: 25 ppm 10 hours.

# Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

# **Environmental exposure** controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### **Individual protection measures**

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

#### **Eye/face protection**

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with sideshields.

# Skin protection Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

#### **Body protection**

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

#### Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

#### **Respiratory protection**

: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

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# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

**Physical state** : Gas.

Color : Not available.

: -90.8°C (-131.4°F) This is based on data for the following ingredient: dinitrogen oxide. Melting/freezing point

Weighted average: -160.98°C (-257.8°F)

Critical temperature : Lowest known value: -118.15°C (-180.7°F) (oxygen).

Odor : Not available. **Odor threshold** : Not available. Hq : Not available. Flash point : Not available. : Not applicable. **Burning time** : Not applicable. **Burning rate** : Not available. **Evaporation rate** : Not available. Flammability (solid, gas)

Lower and upper explosive

(flammable) limits

: Not available.

Vapor pressure : Not available.

Vapor density : Highest known value: 1.53 (Air = 1) (dinitrogen oxide). Weighted average: 1.29 (Air =

1)

Gas Density (lb/ft 3) : Weighted average: 0.09

**Relative density** : Not applicable. : Not available. Solubility Solubility in water Not available. Partition coefficient: n-: Not available.

octanol/water

**Auto-ignition temperature** 

: Not available. **Decomposition temperature** : Not available. : Not available. : Not applicable.

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability : The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

**SADT** 

**Viscosity** 

: Hazardous reactions or instability may occur under certain conditions of storage or use.

Conditions may include the following: contact with combustible materials Reactions may include the following:

risk of causing fire

Conditions to avoid : No specific data.

Incompatibility with various

substances

: Extremely reactive or incompatible with the following materials: reducing materials and

combustible materials.

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### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

**Hazardous polymerization**: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### **Acute toxicity**

Not available.

#### **Irritation/Corrosion**

Not available.

#### **Sensitization**

Not available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

### Carcinogenicity

Not available.

#### **Classification**

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Dinitrogen oxide	-	3	-

#### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
Dinitrogen oxide	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Not available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure

: Not available.

#### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** 

: May cause eye irritation. Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.

Inhalation

: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.

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### Section 11. Toxicological information

Skin contact : May cause skin irritation. Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or

frostbite.

Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. As this product is a gas, refer to

the inhalation section.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact** : No specific data.

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

Skin contact: No specific data.Ingestion: No specific data.

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

**Short term exposure** 

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

**Long term exposure** 

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

#### Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

General : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Teratogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### **Numerical measures of toxicity**

**Acute toxicity estimates** 

Not available.

## **Section 12. Ecological information**

#### **Toxicity**

Not available.

#### Persistence and degradability

Not available.

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## Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Dinitrogen oxide	0.36	-	low

**Mobility in soil** 

Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Empty Airgas-owned pressure vessels should be returned to Airgas. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

# **Section 14. Transport information**

	DOT	TDG	Mexico	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN3156	UN3156	UN3156	UN3156	UN3156
UN proper shipping name	COMPRESSED GAS, OXIDIZING, N.O.S. (oxygen, dinitrogen oxide)	COMPRESSED GAS, OXIDIZING, N.O.S. (oxygen, dinitrogen oxide)	COMPRESSED GAS, OXIDIZING, N.O.S. (oxygen, dinitrogen oxide)	COMPRESSED GAS, OXIDIZING, N.O.S. (oxygen, dinitrogen oxide)	COMPRESSED GAS, OXIDIZING, N.O.S. (oxygen, dinitrogen oxide)
Transport hazard class(es)	2.2 (5.1)  Outderer  2  2.2 (5.1)	2.2 (5.1)	2.2 (5.1)	2.2 (5.1)	2.2 (5.1)
Packing group	-	-	-	-	-
Environment	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	-	Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index 0  ERAP Index 3000  Passenger Carrying Ship Index Forbidden  Passenger Carrying Road or Rail Index 75	-	-	-

"Refer to CFR 49 (or authority having jurisdiction) to determine the information required for shipment of the product."

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## Section 14. Transport information

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are

upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the

event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according: Not available. to Annex II of MARPOL

73/78 and the IBC Code

# Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations : TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined

United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.

Clean Air Act Section 112

(b) Hazardous Air **Pollutants (HAPs)**  : Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602

: Not listed

Class I Substances

Clean Air Act Section 602

: Not listed

**Class II Substances** 

**DEA List I Chemicals** (Precursor Chemicals) : Not listed

**DEA List II Chemicals** 

: Not listed

(Essential Chemicals)

**SARA 302/304** 

#### **Composition/information on ingredients**

No products were found.

**SARA 304 RQ** : Not applicable.

**SARA 311/312** 

Classification : Sudden release of pressure

Immediate (acute) health hazard

#### **Composition/information on ingredients**

Name	%	hazard	Sudden release of pressure		(acute) health	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
Dinitrogen oxide	0.0001 - 81	No.	Yes.	No.	Yes.	No.

### **State regulations**

**Massachusetts** : The following components are listed: OXYGEN (LIQUID); NITROUS OXIDE

**New York** : None of the components are listed.

**New Jersey** The following components are listed: OXYGEN; NITROUS OXIDE; NITROGEN OXIDE

(N2O)

**Pennsylvania** : The following components are listed: OXYGEN; NITROUS OXIDE

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

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## Section 15. Regulatory information

Ingredient name	Cancer	•		Maximum acceptable dosage level
dinitrogen oxide	No.	Yes.	No.	No.

#### **Canada inventory**

International regulations

International lists

: All components are listed or exempted.

: Australia inventory (AICS): All components are listed or exempted. China inventory (IECSC): All components are listed or exempted.

Japan inventory: Not determined.

**Korea inventory**: All components are listed or exempted. Malaysia Inventory (EHS Register): Not determined.

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): All components are listed or exempted.

Philippines inventory (PICCS): All components are listed or exempted.

Taiwan inventory (CSNN): Not determined.

**Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule** 

I Chemicals

**Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule** 

**II Chemicals** 

**Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule** 

**III Chemicals** 

: Not listed

: Not listed

: Not listed

Canada

WHMIS (Canada)

: Class A: Compressed gas.

Class C: Oxidizing material.

Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (Very toxic).

CEPA Toxic substances: The following components are listed: Nitrous oxide

Canadian ARET: None of the components are listed.

Canadian NPRI: The following components are listed: Nitrogen oxides (expressed as

nitrogen dioxide)

Alberta Designated Substances: None of the components are listed. Ontario Designated Substances: None of the components are listed. Quebec Designated Substances: None of the components are listed.

### Section 16. Other information

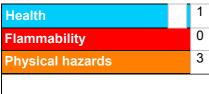
**Canada Label requirements** 

: Class A: Compressed gas.

Class C: Oxidizing material.

Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (Very toxic).

#### **Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)**



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

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### **Section 16. Other information**

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

**National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)** 



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

#### **History**

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**Key to abbreviations** : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,

1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

UN = United NationsACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial

Hygienists

AIHA - American Industrial Hygiene Association

CAS - Chemical Abstract Services

CEPA – Canadian Environmental Protection Act

CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act

(EPA)

CFR – United States Code of Federal Regulations

CPR – Controlled Products Regulations DSL – Domestic Substances List GWP – Global Warming Potential

IARC – International Agency for Research on Cancer

ICAO – International Civil Aviation Organisation

Inh - Inhalation

LC – Lethal concentration

LD - Lethal dosage

NDSL – Non-Domestic Substances List

NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

TDG - Canadian Transportation of Dangerous Goods Act and Regulations

TLV - Threshold Limit Value

TSCA – Toxic Substances Control Act

WEEL – Workplace Environmental Exposure Level

WHMIS - Canadian Workplace Hazardous Material Information System

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### Section 16. Other information

References : Not available

**▼** Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### **Notice to reader**

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

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